Grade 7

Numerical Response

Practice Achievement Exam

&

ANSWER KEY

Questions developed for each Grade 7 Unit based on the General Learning Outcome's From Alberta Education for Science - Grade 7

Resources:

Science Focus 7

McGraw-Hill Ryerson Publishing

Science In Action 7

Pearson Education Canada

Developed for Teachers and Students by **Edquest.ca**

Numerical Response Pr	actice Questions – Grade 7 Achievement Exam	
Unit A – Interactions and Ecosy	vstems	
Sample 1. Plants and animals need to adapt to their surroundings in order to survive. Match the plant or animal with the appropriate adaptation. 1 curlew 2 robin 3 worm 4 sea otter 1 curlew 2 robin 3 worm 4 flippers long special breathe bill feet through skin	2. Organisms depend on other organisms for survival. Match the interdependent relationship (symbiosis) with the description. 1 each organism benefits in the relationship 2 one organism benefits the other is harmed 3 one organism benefits and nothing happens to the other organism 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8	
	9 9 9 9 commensalism mutualism mimicry parasitism	8 8 8 9 9 9 9
 3. Protecting the environment by reducing the size of our ecological footprint. Match the action with its waste reduction description. 1 use it again 2 cut down on use 3 fix it 4 make it into something else reduce reuse recycle restore 	4. There are many different roles for organisms in an ecosystem. Match the role with its description. 1	
5. Water Cycle – the continuous movement of water through an ecosystem. Identify the parts as labeled. The Water Cycle evaporation condensation	6. There are different kinds of monitoring practices that help us check the health of an ecosystem. Match the description with the type of monitoring it describes. 1 physical 2 environmental 3 chemical 4 biological Changes in weather Quality of air, soil, and water Changes in organisms Changes in landscape	

9 9 9

7 8 9

condensation

transpiration precipitation

7 8 9

Un	it B -	- Plar	nts for Food	and Fibre	.												
	mple .																
7.			t to final prod										oroduct				
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			cocoa tree		2	2	2	3	1	di	isposa	able diap	ers	2			2
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			sugar beets		4	4	4	4	3		nen pa	aper		4	4	4	4
		4 s	seaweed		5	5	5	5	4		lastics	-		5	5	5	5
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	ice eam	potat chip		sugar crystals	8	8	8	8	hemp)	flax	cotton	wood	8	8	8	8
Ci	Carri	Criip	3	oi yotalo	9	9	9	9					pulp	9	9	9	9
9.			t to final prod					_				any diffe latch the	erent kinds				
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	2		tor bean oils		2	2	2	2	_			nd (runr		2	2	2	2
	3	late			3	3	3	3	2			ound ste		3	3	3	3
	4	pop	py seed pod		4	4	4	4	3 4			orizontal d stems	stems	4	4	4	4
			medicine		5	5	5	5	4	IIa	пенес	sterris		5	5	5	5
	-			_	6	6	6	6			corı	me		6	6	6	6
	-		transportation	n	7	7	7	7						7	7	7	7
	_		fuel		8	8	8	8			cac		nlost	8	8	8	8
	_		lubricant		9	9	9 !	9				awberry	piant	9	9	9	9
											cat	tails					
11.		/er Pa ect pai	u rts - identify ea	ach				_					erent kinds s that help				
												soil. Mat					
	($\begin{pmatrix} 1 \end{pmatrix}$							de	scrip	otion w	vith the t	ype of				
	(しょ				-	-		faı	m p	ractice	e it desc	ribes.		•	•	
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		\	/ 1 1			_	_	_		_ 16	tave Si	tubble on	uie iiela				

7 7 7 7

8 8

9 9

8 8

9 9

sepal

pistil

petal

stamen

plant rows of trees

crop rotation (veg)

cultivate to control

weeds

7 7 7

8 8

9 9

8 8

9 9

7

Numerical Response Pra	ctice Question	ns – Grade 7 Achievement Exam				
Unit C – Heat and Temperature						
Sample						
13. Identify the parts of a glacier.	1.	4. Match the description with the relative				
(As outlined on p. 194 in SF7)	1 2 3 4	temperature it represents.				
	1 2 3 4					
and the second s		1 normal body temperature				
	0 0 0 0	2 freezing point of water3 boiling point of water in Calgary	0	0	0	0
	1 1 1 1	4 temperature of ice cream	1	1	1	1
(2)	3 3 3 3	+ temperature or los cream	2	2	2	2
	4 4 4 4		3	3	3	3
(3)	5 5 5 5		4	4	4	4
4	6 6 6 6	- 5°C 0°C 37°C 97°C	5	5	5	5
	7 7 7 7		7	7	7	6 7
	8 8 8 8		8	8	8	8
	9 9 9 9		9	9	9	9
1234 loose firn glacial plastic						ٽ
 15. Which device would you use for each of the following situations. 1 To record heat loss in a building 2 To measure temperature changes over a month 3 To create an electrical current 4 To control an electric switch by expanding and contracting thermocouple bimetallic strip recording thermometer infrared thermogram 	10 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9	6. Match the change in state with the term that is used to describe it. 1 solid to liquid 2 liquid to gas 3 solid to gas 4 liquid to solid	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
17. Energy Transfer – energy can be transferred from place to place depending on the medium it goes through. Match the type of energy	13	There are different sources of thermal energy. Match the source with its description.				
transfer with each medium.	0 0 0 0	1 chemical	H		•	0
1 radiation	0 0 0 0	2 electrical3 geothermal	1	1		1
2 convection	2 2 2 2	4 solar	2	2		2
3 conduction	3 3 3 3	. 55.4.	3	3		3

5 5 5

8 8 8

solid

liquid

space

gas

4 4

6 6

8 8

5 5 5

falling water generates energy

heat below the Earth's surface

burning of wood and fossil fuels

the sun provides energy

5

6

7

8

						•		
Unit	D - Structu	res a	nd Forces					
Samp 19. C	ole Classify each s	structu	ıre					20.
_		_		4	1	3	2	1
1	F	2						
	feather		bicycle	0	0	0	0	2
				1	1	1	1	
_		_		2	2	2	2	3
3		4	3.0	3	3	3	3	
			Spart et man a					

- mountain dam 5 5 5 6 6 6 3 7 7 7 Natural Manufactured 8 8 8 Mass Frame Mass Frame 9 9
- 20. Match the description with the type of **material** it represents.
 - 1 made from more than one type of material
 - 2 putting layers of materials together to make them stronger
 - 3 interlocking to make the material stronger
 - 4 melting and dissolving substances together

2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9

0 0

1 1

0

yarn drywall aluminum reinforced foil concrete

- 21. Match the type of **rigid joint** with the example that illustrates it.
 - 1 fastener
 - 2 tie
 - 3 interlocking shape
 - 4 adhesive
 - __ rivets
 __ clothing hem
 __ shoe lace
 epoxy resin

0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9

22. **Gravitational Force** on the Earth is equal to approx. 10 Newtons for each kilogram of mass. How much force does 125 grams have?

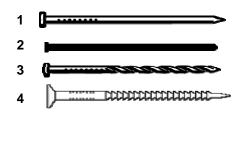
Show how you figured it out!

0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9

- 23. Internal Forces are forces, which can be exerted on a structure from within. Match the type of internal force with its description.
 - 1 tension
 - 2 compression
 - 3 shear
 - 4 torsion
 - squeezing togethertwisting and turningtearing or rippingpulling apart

0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9

24. Different nails are used for different purposes. Put the following nail types in order of their fastening ability. Most friction to least fiction



most friction>	least friction
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	TOGOT ITTOTION

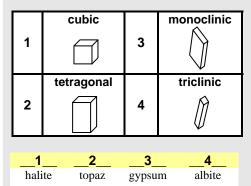
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1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9

Unit E - Planet Earth

Sample ...

25. Match the mineral with the type of crystal it makes.

(As outlined on p. 355 in SF7)



1	2	3	4
0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9

- Match the description with the type of mineral identification it is describing.
 - this the mineral's scratchability
- 2 reflects light from its surface
- 3 breaks along smooth, flat planes
- 4 the colored powdered form of the mineral

lustre	streak	cleavage	hardness

		•	
0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9

- 27. Which category of **rock family** belongs with which rock type described?
 - 1 Igneous
 - 2 Sedimentary
 - 3 Metamorphic
 - 4 Magma
 - melted rock
 - __ layered rock
 - __ crystallized rock
 - __ changed rock

0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8

9 9

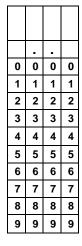
- 28. Match the type of **weathering** with the description of what it is caused by.
 - 1 mechanical
 - 2 chemical
 - 3 biological

 extreme change in temperature
 acid in plant roots
frost wedging

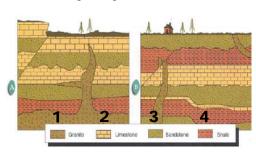
diagalying	minoral	
 dissolving	minera	ı

0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9

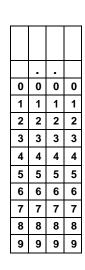
- 29. **Earthquakes** are caused by the movement of rock where the crust has broken apart and the pieces move. Match the type of fault with each description
 - 1 Normal Fault
 - 2 Reverse Fault
 - 3 Strike-slip Fault
 - 4 Transform Fault
 - plates squeeze together, rock
 above fault moves up and over plates move sideways, with
 - sudden movements
 plates are jammed together,
 - then move past each other plates move apart, rock above
 - fault moves down



30. Using the **principle of superposition**, number the layers of rock in the correct order, beginning with the oldest.



oldost	_	_	Volingos
oldest	 \rightarrow	 \rightarrow	 youngest



Answer Key for Numerical Response Practice Questions – Version 2004

Unit A – Interactions and Ecosystems						
1	2	3	4	5	6	
4123	3142	2143	2143 3421 1		2341	
	Uni	t B – Plants Fo	or Food and Fi	bre		
7	8	9	10	11	12	
4123	2341	4312	2413	4321	3142	
	U	Init C – Heat aı	nd Temperatui	'e		
13	14	15	16	17	18	
1234	4213	3421	2134	3221	2431	
	U	nit D – Structu	ires and Force	es		
19	20	21	22	23	24	
4132	3241	3124	1.25	2431	4312	
Unit E – Planet Earth						
25	26	27	28	29	30	
1234	2431	4213	1312	2341 or 2431	1432	

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